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### 联合国期待与各国智库通力协作

潘基文

本文为作者向第四届全球智库峰会开幕式发来的致辞。

## 加大全球智库的交流合作

吴红波

## 气候变化、减贫、国际关系和全球治理

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智库在全球政策讨论中扮演着重要角色

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## 全球智库合作应对气候变化

陆克文

・本刊专论・

## 关于经济新常态的几点认识和思考

韩永文

摘要:认识新常态,适应新常态,引领新常态,是当前和今后一个时期中国经济发展的大逻辑。文章深刻剖析了我国新常态经济发展下面临的风险、挑战与新机遇。文章认为,必须全面准确把握新常态,以改革创新推动经济发展,迈向高端水平。

关键词:新常态 新机遇 改革创新

作者简介: 韩永文,湖南省委常委、省委秘书长、省人大党委会副主任。

## 高度重视应对经济下行压力

郑新立

摘要:解决当前经济下行、增长乏力问题,实现稳增长目标,必须对症下药,从扩大内需入手,破解需求不足难题。必须采取强有力的措施,克服经济下行惯性,使货币增速有一个大于正常情况下的增长速度;货币政策上实施降息降准,适度扩大货币发行,是稳增长、调结构、防风险的正确举措。聚焦农村改革是实现稳增长的根本途径,按照所有权、承包权、经营权三权分置的原则,允许农户对承包土地的经营权抵押、担保、转让,发展土地规模化、专业化、现代化经营,提高农业劳动生产率。

关键词: 经济下行 扩大内需 货币政策 农村改革

作者简介: 郑新立,中国国际经济交流中心副理事长。

#### •宏观经济•

# 加大经济战略纵深研究增强中国抗冲击韧性

黄志凌

摘要:深入研究经济战略纵深,有助于充分利用现实和潜在战略纵深,既可以增强经济体对抗外部恶意冲击的韧性,也可以推动经济摆脱困境,化解潜在风险,步入新的增长周期。历史经验说明,没有经济纵深就谈不上经济安全。近年来,在国际经济贸易活动空间扩大的同时,中国的经济战略纵深并没有相应扩大,甚至还有被压缩的态势。随着中国经济的不断崛起,与世界主要经济体的矛盾、摩擦将是不可避免的,中国不仅要有应对日常经济矛盾与摩擦的常态心理准备,更要提前研究并做好应对极端外部冲击的各种准备,尽快构筑确保经济安全的战略纵深。

关键词: 经济体对抗 经济战略纵深 市场引力

作者简介: 黄志凌, 中国建设银行首席经济学家。

在经济全球化的时代,国际经济合作是主流、是趋势,但日常经济贸易摩擦是不可避免的,经济对抗(经济制裁、经济封锁)作为极端情景也不罕见。目前,日常贸易摩擦的国际协商与仲裁机制日渐完善,但经济对抗的化解尚无国际组织能够承担,主要依靠相关国家的利害权衡之后做出的调整与让步。在经济对抗的化解过程中受到制裁、被封锁国家的经济战略纵深大小,是决定经济对抗发生与否、对抗强度、持续时间的关键

## 全面深化养老体制改革

田雪原

**摘要:** 当前,全面性顶层设计是养老体制改革的主要取向和重点。在理清中国式养老演变的昨天、今天和明天,厘清养老保障和养老保险、养老体系、体制和机制基础上,形成全面的养老保障体系、养老保险体制机制。核心是全面深化养老保险体制改革,建立起全国统一、公平、可持续的养老保险制度。

关键词:全面深化改革 养老体制 可持续

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# 完善社会治理体系与 实现环保倒逼经济增长方式绿色转型

杨朝飞

摘要:当前,我国转变增长方式和环境保护工作都取得了积极进展,但是环境形势依然严峻,现行的环境监管体制和监管制度已不适应环保形势,必须从国家治理体系现代化的角度出发,理清环境监管思路,重新构建环境监管制度体系,真正实现以环境监督管理倒逼经济转型。提高社会治理能力,需要进行大刀阔斧的制度改革,包括转变政府职能、简政放权、依法行政、加强环保战略创新的顶层设计、改革环境监管制度、发挥市场配置资源的决定性作用、加大技术升级推动污染的源头治理、培育正能量的社会组织、广泛借鉴国际社会环境社会治理的经验等,最重要的还是要提高认识、转变观念。

关键词:社会治理体系 环境保护 经济增长 绿色发展

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•区域经济•

## 促进东部地区率先转型发展的基本思路

肖金成 黄征学

摘要: 东部地区在全国经济社会发展中占有重要的地位。随着中国经济步入"新常态",转型发展成为中国经济的主旋律。本文从东部地区率先转型发展的重要意义着手,理清促进东部地区率先转型发展的思路,分析经济、社会、政府、生态等四大领域转型发展的重点任务,提出促进东部地区率先转型发展的政策建议。

关键词: 转型发展 城市群 自主创新能力 改革开放

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黄征学,国家发改委国土开发与地区经济研究所国土规划室副主任、副研

究员。

# 建设淮河生态经济带助力全流域同步小康

王福强

摘要:淮河流域作为我国中东部发展的洼地,面临着全面摆脱贫困、与全国同步实现小康的重要机遇与挑战。需要创新发展理念,制定实施根治淮河、促进流域生态经济发展的战略规划。通过实施规划,争取将淮河打造为我国新的出海黄金通道,重塑淮河流域经济新形态,使淮河流域成为我国东中部协调发展示范区、中国经济新的增长极、扩大内需的重点战略支点。淮河生态经济带建设有望成为全面建成小康社会和建设美丽中国的重大工程。文章重点分析了淮河生态经济带建设的思路、布局、实施路径、体制保障和政策建议。

关键词:淮河生态经济带 规划 小康 淮河流域

作者简介: 王福强,中国国际经济交流中心产业规划部副部长。

・产业发展・

# 互联网金融监管政策发展的国际比较 及对我国的启示

李勇坚

摘要: 互联网金融的本质在于能发挥互联网在信息汇集、处理、分析等各方面的优势,降低金融业的参与门槛,扩大金融的服务面,并进一步提升金融业的服务效率与服务质量。美国、英国等互联网金融先行国家已开始将互联网金融纳入正规监管体系,并逐步完善互联网金融的监管框架。本文重点探讨了这些国家互联网金融监管政策的发展过程,分析目前互联网金融发展存在的主要问题。最后,结合国际互联网金融的发展趋势及中国发展互联网金融的特殊性,提出建立具有中国特色的互联网金融监管框架。

关键词: 互联网金融 监管政策 国际比较

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本文系国家社科基金项目《政府行为对服务业生产率的影响研究》(项目号:14BJL023)的阶段性成果。感谢夏杰长教授、王朝阳博士在本文写作过程中提供的帮助。

・产业发展・

# 借鉴国外经验 促进我国互联网金融发展政策建议

张影强

摘要:近几年,我国互联网金融快速发展,但相关制度建设极不完善。基于此,本文通过系统介绍国外互联网金融发展现状及趋势,分析发达国家互联网金融监管经验,讨论我国互联网金融与发达国家的差距与启示,提出促进我国互联网金融发展的政策建议。

关键词: 互联网金融 国外经验 发展 政策建议

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No. 8

### Monthly

August 2015

### **ABSTRACTS**

### (1) Understanding and Thinking about the New Normal of the Economy Han Yongwen

Recognizing the new normal, adapting to the new normal, and leading the new normal, is the large logic of China's economic development in the current and future periods. This paper deeply analyzes the risks, challenges and opportunities of China's new normal economic development. This paper holds that the new normal must be comprehended accurately and economic development should be advanced through reform and innovation to a high – end level.

### (2) Attaching Great Importance to Deal with the Economic Downward Pressure

Zheng Xinli

In order to solve the current economic downturn and sluggish growth problems and achieve the target on steady growth, we must, starting from expanding domestic demand, appropriately crack the problem of insufficient demand. Strong measures should be taken to overcome the inertia of economic downturn, and monetary growth speed should be kept at a rate higher than under normal circumstances; it's a correct move to implement moderate monetary policy through the reduction of interest rates and RRR for the sake of steady growth, structuring adjustment and anti – risk. Focus on the rural reform according to principles of the three rights division among ownership, contracting, and management is the fundamental path to achieve steady growth, and farmers should be allowed to mortgage, guarantee, transfer contracted land management rights, and develop the land – scale, professional, modern management, so as to increase agricultural productivity.

### (3) Increasing the Economic Strategic Depth to Enhance China's Anti-impact Toughness

Huang Zhiling

Further study of economic strategic depth can make full use of the actual and potential strategic depth, which can not only enhance the toughness of economy against external malicious impact, but also help economic development get out of the trouble and eliminate the potential risks, and then enter a new cycle of growth. Historical experience shows that where there is no economic depth, there is no economic security. In recent years, with the expansion of the international economic and trade activities, China's economic strategy has not been expanded, and even has been squeezed. With the continuous rise of the Chinese economy, contradictions between the world's major economies are inevitable. China should not only have normal psychological preparation to cope with the daily economic contradictions and frictions, but also advance research and prepare to deal with extreme external shocks, construct the strategic depth to ensure the economic security as soon as possible.

#### (4) On Deepening All—round Pension Reform

Tian Xueyuan

At present, the comprehensive top – level design is the main orientation and focus of pension reform. A comprehensive pension system and mechanism should be constructed on the basis of clarifying the historic, current and future's evolution of Chinese – style pension, clarifying the institutions and mechanisms of old – age security, pension insurance, and pension system. The core task is to deepen all – round pension reform, and establish a national unified, fair and sustainable pension insurance system.

# (5) Improving China's Social Governance System to Realize the Green Transformation of Economic Growth Pattern through Environmental Protection forces

Yang Zhaofei

At present, the work of transforming the economic growth pattern and environmental protection in China has made positive progress. However, environmental situation is still grim. The current environmental regulation system has not adapted to the environmental situation. We must proceed from the perspective of modern governance system, clarify the idea of environmental supervision and re – build environmental regulation system, achieve economic transformation through environmental supervision and management. We need a radical reform of the system to improve the ability of social governance, including transforming the government's functions, streamlining administration and instituting decentralization, administering by law, strengthening the reform of environmental protection, reforming environmental supervision system, putting market into a decisive play in resources allocation, increasing the technology upgrade to promote pollution source management, cultivating social organizations with positive energy, referencing widely the experience of international environmental governance, and so on. However, at present, raising the awareness and changing ideas is the most important thing.

# (6) The Basic Ideas of Promoting the Eastern Region to Take the Lead in the Transitional development

Xiao Jincheng, Huang Zhengxue

The eastern region plays an important role in the national economic development. With China's economy coming into the new normal, the transitional development becomes the main melody of China's economy. This article, starting from the significance of the eastern region taking the lead in the transitional development, clarifies the ideas to promote the eastern region to take the lead in the transitional development; then analyzes the key tasks of the transitional development in the four areas of the economy, society, government and ecology; finally, puts forward suggestions to promote the eastern region to take the lead in the transitional development.

## (7) Constructing the Eco—economy Belt on Huaihe River and Promoting the Whole Basin to Realize the Well—off Target

Wang Fuqiang

The Huaihe river basin is the development depression of middle and east China. The Huaihe river basin needs to get rid of poverty and keep pace with the whole nation to realize the well – off target. The innovative development concept is a must to stipulate the strategic planning to bring the pollution under permanent control and promote the development of ecological

economy. Through the implementation of the planning, Huaihe river can be built as a new golden passage to sea, and Huaihe river basin will appear a new economic form, as the coordination development demonstration area in Eastern and central China, the new growth pole of Chinese economy, and the key strategic support of expanding domestic demand. The eco – economy belt on Huaihe river is expected to become a major project of building a well – off society in an all – round way and constructing the beautiful China. The article focuses on thinking, layout, implementation approaches, institutional guarantee and policy Suggestions of Huaihe river eco – economy belt.

## (8) International Comparison of Internet Finance Regulatory Policy Development and the Enlightenment to China

Li Yongjian

The essence of the Internet finance is to take the advantage of the Internet in information collection, processing, analysis, and other aspects, to lower financial participation threshold, expand financial services, and further enhance the financial service's efficiency and quality. The financial leading countries, such as America and Britain, have brought the Internet finance into formal regulatory system, and gradually improved the Internet financial regulatory framework. This paper mainly discusses the development of the Internet financial regulatory policies in these countries, and analyses the main problems of Internet finance development. Finally, combining with the international trends of Internet finance development and the particularities of Internet finance development in China, this paper proposes to establish regulatory framework of Internet finance with Chinese characteristics.

## (9) Learning Experience from Foreign Practice to Promote the Development of China's Internet Finance

Zhang Yingqiang

In recent years, Internet finance develops rapidly in China. However, institutional construction is highly imperfect. This article introduces foreign Internet finance's present situation and future trends, analyzes Internet finance's experience of developed countries, and discusses China's Internet finance's gap with the developed countries, and enlightenment that China can learn from developed countries. Finally, this article puts forward the policy suggestions to promote the development of Internet finance in China.

Editor: Guo Zhouming